

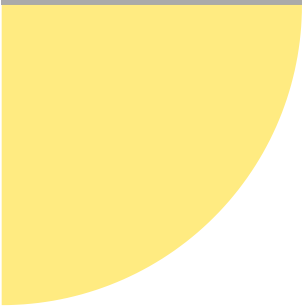
Name: _____

TANGY TUESDAY™

PACK	LEVEL	WEEK
------	-------	------

1	E	31
---	---	----

Step-by-step examples at tangmath.com/tutorials



TANGY TUESDAY

Pack 1

DigiCross · Snake · NumTanga · Kakooma · Equato

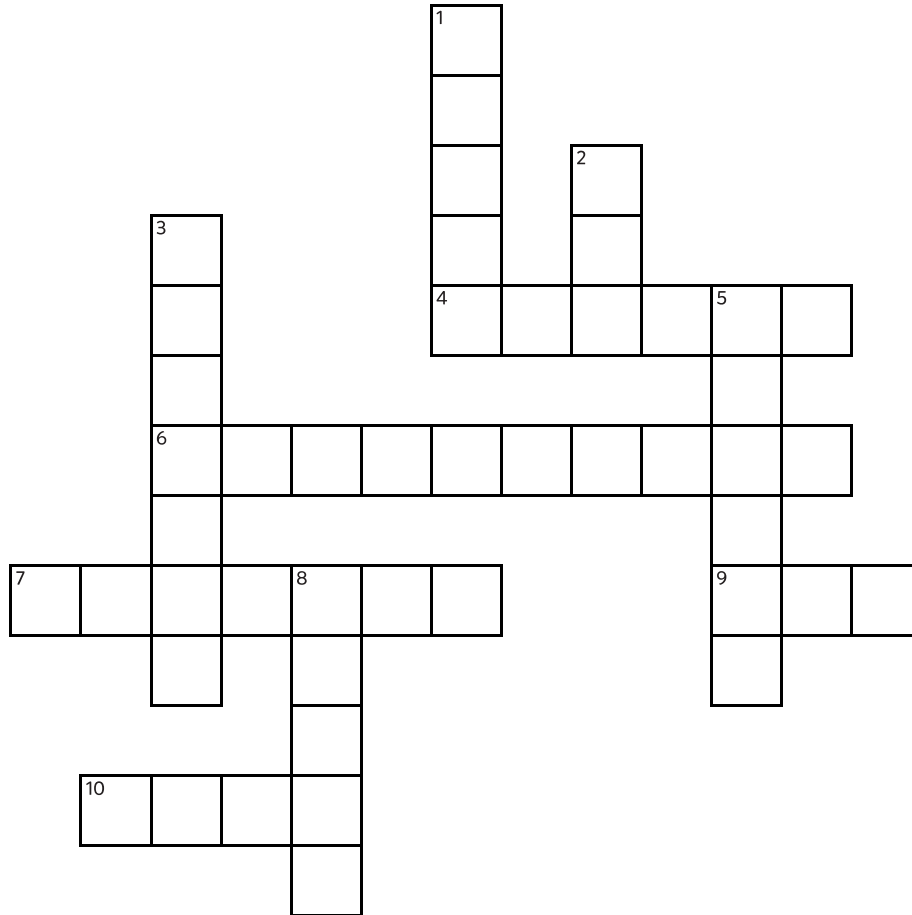
Name: _____

DIGICROSS

Step-by-step examples at tangmath.com/tutorials

PACK	LEVEL	WEEK
1	E	31

Complete the crossword by filling in a word that fits each clue.



ACROSS

4. $6 \frac{1}{3} \times 3 \frac{1}{6} = \underline{\quad} + \frac{1}{18}$
6. $3 \times (4+2) \div (5 \div 10)$
7. $\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{5}$ is than 1
9. 32 is hundred times .16
10. $509\bar{6} \div 14 = 300 + 60 + \underline{\quad}$

DOWN

1. $\underline{\quad} \div \frac{2}{5} = 20$
2. 6.435×10^4 has zero
3. $\underline{\quad} \times .4 = 6$
5. .0304 is closest to thousandths
8. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{6} = 1 \underline{\quad}$

Name: _____

SNAKE

Step-by-step examples at tangmath.com/tutorials

PACK	LEVEL	WEEK
1	E	31

Fill each empty box, in order, combining the numbers from the previous 2 boxes.

5	$\div \frac{1}{3}$				$\times \frac{1}{7}$		$\div \frac{1}{5}$	
			+66	+29				+41
	$\times \frac{1}{9}$					$\times \frac{1}{9}$		
$\div \frac{1}{10}$				$\div \frac{1}{3}$		$\div \frac{1}{10}$		
	-63		$\times \frac{1}{3}$			-66	24	

8	$\div \frac{1}{3}$		-14		$\times \frac{1}{2}$		$\div \frac{1}{2}$	
								-2
	$\times \frac{1}{6}$		+24		$\div \frac{1}{6}$		$\times \frac{1}{2}$	
$\div \frac{1}{7}$								
	-32		$\times \frac{1}{3}$		$\div \frac{1}{6}$		-23	25

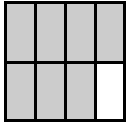
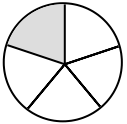
Name: _____

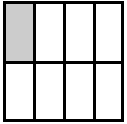
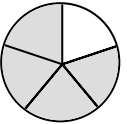
NUMTANGA

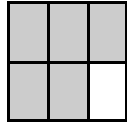
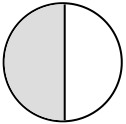
Step-by-step examples at tangmath.com/tutorials

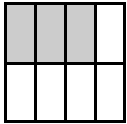
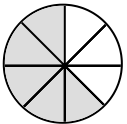
PACK	LEVEL	WEEK
1	E	31

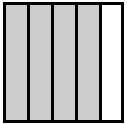
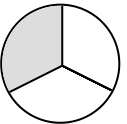
In each empty box, write the matching value between adjacent cards.

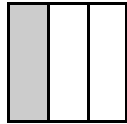
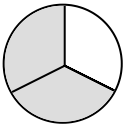
$\frac{1}{6}$	
	one half

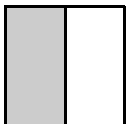
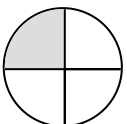
$\frac{5}{6}$	
	one sixth

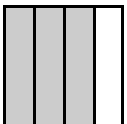
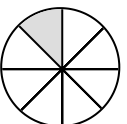
$\frac{5}{8}$	
	three fourths

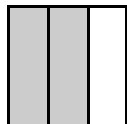
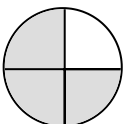
$\frac{1}{8}$	
	seven eighths

$\frac{1}{5}$	
	five eighths

$\frac{1}{2}$	
	one eighth

$\frac{4}{5}$	
	three eighths

$\frac{1}{4}$	
	one fifth

$\frac{7}{8}$	
	four fifths

Name: _____

TANGY TUESDAY™

KAKOOMA

PACK	LEVEL	WEEK
1	E	31

Step-by-step examples at tangmath.com/tutorials

In each group, circle the one number that is the sum or product of two other numbers.
Write the circled numbers in the final puzzle and solve.

26	20	7	22	16	21	23	22	11
11	+	8	9	+	2	27	+	19
2	16	1	18	15	29	20	21	30
27	20	10				2	7	1
26	+	8				12	+	24
1	13	22				20	18	28
23	15	30	10	28	27	8	20	16
16	+	5	23	+	24	13	+	18
6	29	19	7	9	13	15	9	6

Final Puzzle

	+	

Final Answer

Name: _____

TANGY TUESDAY™

EQUATO

Step-by-step examples at tangmath.com/tutorials

PACK	LEVEL	WEEK
1	E	31

Use each number once to complete the equations. Read equations left to right and top to bottom.

NUMBER BANK

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9

	+		-	9	-		=	3
=		+		-		+		+
	÷	4	×	5	-		=	8
+		+		-		÷		-
7	-		-	2	=	6	-	
×		-		+		×		=
1	+		-		+	3	=	8
-		=		=		=		-
	-	5	=	7	-	2	-	1